

# Tuesday

April 8, 2014 (4.8.14)

## Materials



Composition Book  
& Pen or Pencil

## Agenda

### Time Estimate

### Activity

10	Warm Up
3	Deadlines & Reminders
5	Fiction Study Guide, Concept 2
10-15	Notes: Sensory Description
10-15	Teams: Picture Burst Activity
30-35	Read: <i>There Will Come Soft Rains</i>
Remaining	Prompt #3: <i>The Disaster</i>

# Warm Up

April 8, 2014 (4.8.14)

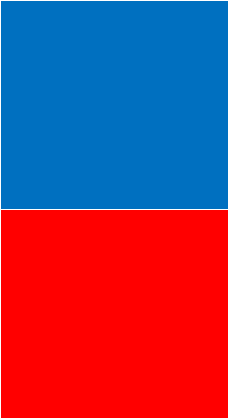
Volume-O-Meter: 0 (Silence)

Time: 10 Minutes

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Word Part of the Day:

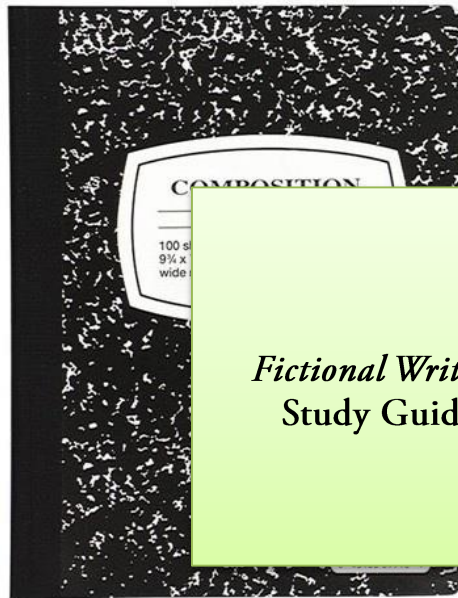
*Hetero / alt* — different

- 
1. Write down the word part of the day and its definition. Now, write down three words that contain the word part of the day. Now, draw a picture of one of your chosen words.
  2. Today we'll be talking about description in a story--in your opinion, how much description do you like to see in what you read? Is there a limit on too much or too little? Try to reference something that we've read this year to help answer this question.

# Reminders & Deadlines

<u>Assignment</u>	<u>Due Date</u>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Leading a Discussion (“There Will Come Soft Rains”)</b><ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Amanda (Thursday)</li><li>6. Chrissy (Friday)</li><li>7. Evan (Thursday)</li></ol></li></ul>	

# Transition



*Fictional Writing*  
Study Guide



Study Guide

The BIG Question:  
How can I write fiction like a professional?

Key Text(s):  
*Professional Exemplars / Your Writing*

Concept 1:  
**The Reader/Writer Relationship**

1. What do readers look for in a story?
2. How can I turn a previous experience into a story?

Concept 2:  
**Descriptive Description**

3. **How and what should I describe when writing a story?**

Vocabulary  
Plot, exposition, conflict, climax, resolution, storyboarding

Vocabulary  
**Sensory description, simile description**

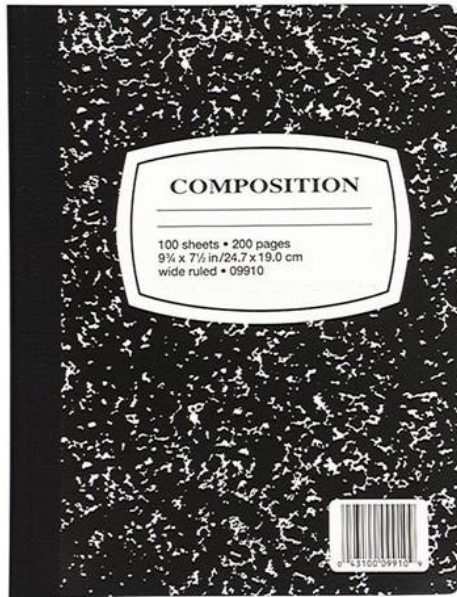
Concept 3:  
**Building a Character**

Concept 4:  
**Unique Points of View**

Vocabulary

Vocabulary

# Transition



Notes

# Sensory Description

- Good story writers love sensory description
  - Makes the story feel more real
  - Leads to using a better vocabulary
  
- The senses:
  1. Sight (most common)
  2. Smell
  3. Hearing
  4. Touch
  5. Taste (least common)



# Sensory Description

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# Why Sensory Description?

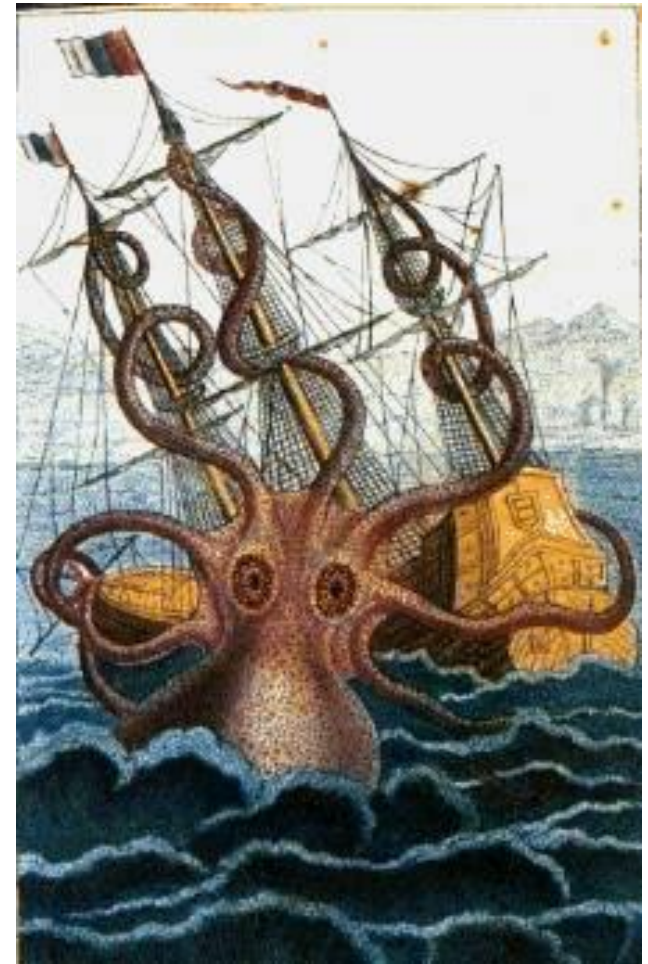
- I am a garbage collector. Garbage smells bad, no matter how much you hold your nose. The look of the garbage is terrible as well. It is a very nasty job.
- (Low score)
  - Not enough descriptive vocabulary
  - No “buy in” for reader

# Why Sensory Description?

- The smell of the garbage hits my nose roughly. The back of my throat gags from the stench of manure, sour milk, and what I think is a dead cat. As I walk through the garbage pile, my foot becomes trapped as it sinks into a 1-week old steak and mashed potatoes meal from the Steakhouse restaurant down the street. Unfortunately, this is only the beginning when describing the horrors of being a garbage collector.
- (High Score)
  - Excellent, descriptive vocabulary
  - Good “buy in” for reader

# Describing By Simile / Metaphor

- Metaphor = comparison between two things
- Simile = comparison between two things (uses *like* or *as*)
- History: created by the Greeks when describing monsters, like the Kraken or Leviathan
- In writing, using a metaphor/simile resembles transforming one thing (or idea) into something else
- Think of it like a merging of two or more images
- Used because it can intensify an image and its description



# Examples

- “The last few embers glowed **like cats’ eyes.**” (Kemal)
- “...he set fire to the mice and watched them dart around **like flaming meteors.**” (Nabakov)

# More Examples

- “I would swing my leather shoes back and forth **like an impatient child riding on a school bus.**” (Tan)
- “It was as if I had said magic word “Alakazam!”—her face went blank, her mouth closed, her arms went slack, and she backed out of the room, stunned, as if she were blowing away **like a small brown leaf: thin, brittle, lifeless.** (Tan)

# Making a Simile / Metaphor

## T A K E N O T E S

- Say one thing is another
  - Be dreamy, playful, creative
1. Start with a noun (person, place, thing)
  2. Compare it to another noun (or other word that evokes stronger imagery)
    - Example: “He was like a branchless tree, naked and alone in a forest full of others.”
    - (He was an outcast)

# Let's Practice: SSHTT

## Directions (Vol: 1):

- Picture will be on screen
- Describe you (or character) at that location
  - Describe by as many senses are possible

A  
S  
S  
I  
G  
N  
M  
E  
N  
T



# Let's Practice: SSHTT



# Let's Practice: Simile Descriptions

## Directions (Vol: 1):

- Work with Team to make similes descriptions of:
  1. His teeth are like...
  2. The smile is like...
  3. Her skirt was like...
  4. The fire sounded like...
  5. Mr. Hampton is like...

# Let's Practice: Simile Descriptions

## Directions (Vol: 1):

- Picture will be on screen
- Describe you (or character) at that location
  - Describe by as many senses are possible

A  
S  
S  
I  
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N  
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T

# Read: *There Will Come Soft Rains*

A  
S  
S  
I  
G  
N  
M  
E  
N  
T

## Directions:

- Grab workbook // notebook
- Big Circle
- Read story aloud



# Prompt #3: The Disaster

## Directions:

- Write a 1-page story that centers around a “disaster”
  - Fire
  - Flood
  - Artificial disaster
  - Alien invasion
  - Etc.
- Describe using SSHTT and similes.

