# TUESDAY 




Required Materials:
pen/pencil

3-ringbinder
paper
textbook

## Agenda:

1. Reminders: The "Snack While You Work"

Challenge ( 1 min )
2. Word of the Day and Warm Up (5-7 min)
3. Notes: Setting a Purpose (3 min)
4. Modeling w/ class: The House ( 7 min )
5. Notes: "What Good Readers Do" (15 min)
6. Modeling w/ class: What Happened During the

Ice Storm. ( 15 min )
7. Reading Rates (time remaining)

Quote of the Week:
"Today a reader, tomorrow a leader."

## "Snack While You Work" Challenge

- Good behavior should go rewarded.

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- The reward? Mr. Hampton brings in snacks/drinks for class later this month.
- This week, classes will be under observation for the "Snack While You Work" challenge.
- The least number of "strikes" this week


## "Snack While You Work" Challenge

- Current standings:
- 1 st period: $94 \%$ with materials +1 strike
- 2nd period: $97 \%$ with materials + 1 strike
- 3 rd period: $92 \%$ with materials +1 strike
- 4th period: $94 \%$ with materials +1 strike
- 5 th period: $92 \%$ with materials +0 strikes
- 6 th period: $98 \%$ with materials +1 strike


### 9.1.2009 Warm Up (4 min)

- WOD:
abstract--something difficult to understand
- Warm Up:

1. Use the Word of the Day in a sentence.
2. Do you consider yourselfa " good" reader, "bad" reader, or somewhere in between? Why do you think this? Do you think there are things a "good" reader does while reading that a "bad" reader doesn't do? Explain.

## What "Good Readers Do"

- There are many things that a "good" reader does while reading.

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- Today I hope to remove the mystery behind what "good" readers do when they read.
- You can use these strategies in this class or any class--now or years into the future.


## What "Good Readers Do"

- Good readers SET A PURPOSE when they read.

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A ■ Ask a teacher (or yourself):

- "Why am I learning/reading this?"


## What "Good Readers Do"

- If your teacher can't answer, then they aren't doing their job.

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## What "Good Readers Do"

- Let's take a look at an example: The House.

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## What "Good Readers Do"

- In The House:
- What is the most important part of the story?


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## What "Good Readers Do"

- In The House:
- This time, let's set a purpose for reading:
- Imagine you a thief looking to rob this house.
- Now, what are the most important parts of the story?


## What "Good Readers Do"

- In The House:
- This time, let's set another purpose for reading:
- Imagine you are looking to buy this house.
- Now, what are the most important parts of the story?


## What "Good Readers Do"

- What about FCAT passages? How do I set a purpose with articles that I don't enjoy reading?


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## What "Good Readers Do"

- On the FCAT: Read the questions first!

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## What "Good Readers Do"

- What else do "good" readers do when they read?


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## What "Good Readers Do"

- Use background knowledge to make connections.
- Ask questions before, during, and after reading.

A ■ Draw inferences from the text.

- Use "fix-up" strategies when meaning is lost.
- Determine what is important and what is not.
- Synthesize information to create new thinking.


## Using Background Knowledge

- Good readers use their previous experiences.

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- Ask yourself: What do I know about this subject?
- Use previous books, life experiences of you, family, or friends, even movies that you have seen.


## Asking Questions

- Ask yourself: What do I wonder about?

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## Drawing Inferences

- Inference: "reading between the lines."

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- Background Knowledge + What text says = Inference


## ModelingStrategies

- I will model 3 strategies using a short story from the textbook.
- Background Knowledge
- Asking Questions
- Making Inferences

O Remember, this is what a "good" reader does while reading. E

## ModelingStrategies

- Turn to pg. 5 --> What Happened During the Ice Storm
- I will stop when I want to perform one of the strategies.


## Tomorrow...

- We'll discuss the other three strategies and have you practice on your own.


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## Reading Rate...

- To help you determine how long it will take you to do homework and/or classwork, I'll help you determine how N fast you read.
O Do not read fast because you are being timed.
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## Reading Rate...

- Turn to pg. 9 in your textbook --> The Cold Equations
- Read for 1 minute (I will time you).

N - Count up the number of words that you read.

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## Reading Rate...

- 400 / The number of words you read in 1 minute = how many minutes it takes for you to read 1 page.
- Example....400/200 words read in 1 minute $=2$ minutes for me to read one page.
- Example...400/120 words read in 1 minute $=3$ minutes for me to read one page.
- Example...400/40 words read in 1 minute = 10 minutes for me to read one page.

